Anthelio Healthcare Solutions Inc.

Michigan Trauma Coalition









Providing Market Leading HIM and Revenue Cycle Services





Trauma Scenario 1

- Diagnoses
- Procedures

Trauma Scenario 2

- Diagnoses
- Procedures

You asked for answers...





Trauma Scenario 1





Entrance wound Upper Left Thigh

S71.142A Puncture wound with foreign body, left thigh, initial encounter

Perforated:

- Pericardium, inferior wall and anterior wall
- S26.99XA Perforated Pericardium, inferior wall and anterior wall, initial encounter
- Small bowel
- S36.439A Perforated Small Bowel, initial encounter
- Left flexure of large bowel
- S36.532A Perforated Left flexure of Large Bowel (splenic flexure), initial encounter







Perforated:

- Diaphragm
- S27.803A Laceration diaphragm, initial encounter
- Fundus of stomach
- S36.39XA Perforated Fundus of Stomach, initial encounter
- Spleen laceration, hylum
- S36.039A Laceration Spleen, hylum, initial encounter <u>OR</u>—
 S36.09XA Perforated Spleen, hylum, initial encounter

Note: (Major, Moderate, Superficial) needs to be documented for greater specificity with Laceration of Spleen)







Perforated:

- Left Kidney grazed with significant surface injury
- S37.092A Grazed Left Kidney with significant surface injury, initial encounter
- Large contusion left upper lung
- S27.321A Contusion, left upper lung (unilateral), initial encounter







External Cause Codes

- W34.00XA Accidental discharge from unspecified firearms or gun, initial encounter
- Y92.9 Unspecified place





Trauma Scenario 1: Procedures



- Endotracheal intubation
- 0BH17EZ
- CPR
- 5A12012
- Thoracotomy
- Not coded, it's the approach for other procedures
- Defibrillation
- 5A2204Z
- Removal of bullet ventricle atrium (need laterality, we are using the left)
- 02C70ZZ reflects the left side





Trauma Scenario 1: Procedures



- Open cardiac massage
- **02QA0ZZ**
- Fast US we are limiting to heart and aorta without contrast
- **B24BZZZ**
- Central venous catheter, Left
- 05H633Z

Note: We also need the laterality for the central venous cath. 05H633Z reflects the left for now

- Whole blood transfusion, through peripheral vein
- 30233H1







Trauma Scenario 2





- Closed posterior dislocation of left knee proximal tibia, initial encounter
- S83.125A Posterior dislocation of proximal end of tibia, left knee, initial encounter
- Gunshot wound of thigh/femur, right, initial encounter
- S71.101A Unspecified open wound, right thigh, initial encounter
- Vascular injury dissection of left popliteal artery
- S85.092 Other specified injury of popliteal artery, left leg <u>OR</u> <u>I77.79</u> Dissection other artery (This appears to have been a residual of the injury to the knee)





External Cause Codes

- W34.00XA Accidental discharge from unspecified firearms or gun, initial encounter
- Y92.481 Parking lot as place of occurrence
- Y99.8 Leisure activity
- Y93.55 Bike riding, activity
- Y93.02 Running





Trauma Scenario 2: Procedures



- Closed Reduction of Knee
- OSSDXZZ Reposition Left Knee Joint, External Approach
- Incision and drainage of the hematomas of the left thigh, knee, and proximal leg areas.
- OH9LXZZ Drainage of Left Lower Leg Skin, External Approach
- Thrombectomy of the left superficial femoral popliteal arteries, open approach
- 04CN0ZZ Extirpation of Matter from Left Popliteal Artery, Open Approach







ICD-10-PCS





ORIF Right tibia/fibula

- OQSG04Z Reposition Right Tibia with Internal Fixation Device, Open Approach
- OQSJ04Z Reposition Right Fibula with Internal Fixation Device, Open Approach





Peg tube

 ODH63UZ Insertion of Feeding Device into Stomach, Percutaneous Approach

Note: The tube is placed percutaneously from the outside in and the endoscope is used to guide the percutaneous placement of the tube. The guidance can be accomplished via esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD), laparoscopically or via CT imaging. Do not code the endoscopic guidance separately.





Intubation

OBH17EZ Insertion of Endotracheal Airway into Trachea, Via Natural or Artificial Opening

Insertion of device in

Trachea **0BH1**

Section	0	Medical and Surgical			
Body System	В	Respiratory System			
Operation	Н	Insertion: Putting in a nonbiological appliance that monitors, assists, performs, or prevents a physiological function but does not physically take the place of a body part			
Body Part		Approach	Device	Qualifier	
1 Trachea		7 Via Natural or Artificial Opening 8 Via Natural or Artificial Opening Endoscopic	2 Monitoring Device D Intraluminal Device E Intraluminal Device, Endotracheal Airway	Z No Qualifier	





Mechanical Ventilation

- 5A1935Z Respiratory Ventilation, Less than 24 Consecutive Hours
- 5A1945Z Respiratory Ventilation, 24-96 Consecutive Hours
- 5A1955Z Respiratory Ventilation, Greater than 96 Consecutive Hours

Mechanical ventilation see Performance, Respiratory 5A19





Brain MRI

B030ZZZ Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) of Brain

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)

Brain B030





- Head CT
- BW28ZZZ Computerized Tomography (CT Scan) of Head

CAT scan *see* Computerized Tomography (CT Scan)

Computerized Tomography (CT Scan)
Head BW28







CPR

5A12012 Performance of Cardiac Output, Single, Manual

Resuscitation

External chest compression **5A12012**

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ICP monitor

 4A103BD Monitoring of Intracranial Pressure, Percutaneous Approach

Monitoring

Central Nervous
Pressure 4A100BZ
Intracranial 4A10







IVC filter

 06H03DZ Insertion of Intraluminal Device into Inferior Vena Cava, Percutaneous Approach

Note: Greenfield filter or IVC filter is inserted in the inferior vena cava

Insertion of device in

Vena Cava Inferior 06H0 Superior 02HV





Bronchoscopy

 OBJ08ZZ Inspection of Tracheobronchial Tree, Via Natural or Artificial Opening Endoscopic

Note: You will need to know the purpose of the bronchoscopy to code it correctly. The root operation will change depending on the purpose.

Bronchoscopy 0BJ08ZZ





Bronchoscopy



Some procedures a bronchoscope may be used for and their Root Operations:

- View the airways for abnormalities Inspection
- Remove foreign object(s) from the airway Extirpation
- Remove small bits of tissue for biopsy Excision with qualifier Diagnostic
- Perform a bronchial washing during viewing Irrigation (Administration Section)
- Perform a BAL (Bronchoalveolar Lavage) Drainage
- Perform lung ablation Destruction
- Insertion of brachytherapy seeds Insertion







Craniotomy (Exploration) only of brain

- 00J00ZZ Inspection of Brain, Open Approach
- Note: You will need to know the purpose of the craniotomy to code it correctly. The root operation will change depending on the purpose.

Exploration see Inspection

Inspection

Brain 00J0





Craniotomy (Evacuation) of hematoma – subdural space

00C40ZZ Extirpation of Matter from Subdural Space, Open Approach

Evacuation

Hematoma see Extirpation

Extirpation

Subdural Space 00C4





External fixator placement tibia/fibula (left)

 OQHH35Z Insertion of External Fixation Device into Left Tibia, Percutaneous Approach

Verify the Approach

 OQHK35Z Insertion of External Fixation Device into Left Fibula_ Percutaneous Approach

Insertion of device in

Fibula

Left **OQHK**

Tibia

Left **OQHH**







Removal external fixator tibia/fibula

- OQPHX5Z Removal of External Fixation Device from Left Tibia, External Approach
- OQPKX5Z Removal of External Fixation Device from Left Fibula, External Approach

Verify the Approach

Removal of device from

Fibula

Left **0QPK**

Tibia

Left **OQPH**





Arterial line

 04HL3DZ Insertion of Intraluminal Device into Left Femoral Artery, Percutaneous Approach

Note: For the example the arterial line ended up in the left femoral artery, this determines the 4th character, Body Part

```
Insertion of device in
Artery
Femoral
Left 04HL
```

Right 04HK





Arterial line placed for multiple arterial blood gases via the right radial artery

03HY322, Insertion of Monitoring Device into Upper Artery, Percutaneous Approach

Insertion of device in

Artery Upper 03HY

Note: Upper artery (4th character) is selected because there is no Monitoring Device (6th character) with Radial Artery







Central line

 02HV33Z Insertion of Infusion Device into Superior Vena Cava, Percutaneous Approach



Note: Central venous catheter is placed percutaneously and should <u>end</u> in the superior vena cava

Insertion of device in

Vena Cava Inferior 06H0 Superior 02HV





Primary repair right atrial inferior vena caval injury

- 02Q60ZZ Repair Right Atrium, Open Approach
- 06Q00ZZ Repair Inferior Vena Cava, Open Approach

Note: Verify two sites were actually repaired

Repair

```
Atrium
Left 02Q7
Right 02Q6
Vena Cava
Inferior 06Q0
```





Debridement of skin, subcutaneous tissue, muscle and fascia in association with open fractures in toes 1-4

- **Note:** A physician query is needed for the <u>reason for the debridement</u> (whether a separate excisional debridement versus cleaning of the open wound was done).
- Note: Code to the <u>deepest</u> layer debrided
- Note: All will code to Excision, (skin, subcutaneous tissue and fascia, or muscle), Foot; there is no subterm for toe





Amputation of great toe through the interphalangeal joint

Note: Query for (1) laterality and (2) which interphalangeal joint

Amputation of left great toe through the proximal interphalangeal joint

0Y6Q0Z2 Detachment at Left 1st Toe, Mid, Open Approach

Amputation see Detachment

Detachment

Toe

1 st

Left 0Y6Q0Z

Right 0Y6P0Z





- T11-L3 posterior nonsegmental instrumentation for unstable spine fx
- Posterior fusion T11-L3
- T12-L1 laminectomy for decompression
- Ligamentotaxis for spinal cord decompression
- Use of autograft/ allograft





Example: Posterior lumbar interbody fusion L3-L4 and L4-L5 using autologous bone graft, discectomy of L3-L4 and L4- L5, packing of the disc space with autologous bone that was harvested from the right iliac crest, and pedicle screw instrumentation

- OSG107J Fusion of 2 or more Lumbar Vertebral Joints with Autologous Tissue Substitute, Posterior Approach, Anterior Column, Open Approach
- OSB20ZZ Excision of lumbar vertebral disc, open approach, for the discectomy
- OQB20ZZ Excision of right pelvic bone, open approach, for the harvesting of the autologous bone for grafting





- Note: Discectomy is almost always performed at the same time as spinal fusion surgery. Typically, a fusion involves partial removal of the disc. If the provider performs a discectomy with spinal fusion, it should be coded as excision of disc. If, however, the provider documents "total discectomy," it should be coded as a disc resection.
- **Note:** Fixation (rods, plates, screws) is included in the fusion root operation, no additional code is assigned.





T12-L1 laminectomy for decompression

• *Note:* The laminectomy procedure to release the spinal cord is coded only once for each level because the cervical, thoracic and lumbar spinal cord are each classified as a single body part. By convention, the vertebral level (C3, C4, and so on) is used to identify a specific area along the spinal cord, but each designation is not considered a separate and distinct body part anatomically. The current version of the ICD-10-PCS guideline B3.2b states, "During the same operative episode, multiple procedures are coded if: The same root operation is repeated at different body parts that are included in the same body part value." The guideline uses two separate and distinct muscles in the upper leg as an example of the correct application of the guideline.





 Note, cont.: The vertebral level designations of the spinal cord do not constitute separate and distinct body parts anatomically, therefore the multiple procedures guideline B3.2b does not apply. Assign the following ICD-10-PCS code:

00NX0ZZ Release thoracic spinal cord, open approach

00NY0ZZ Release lumbar spinal cord, open approach

Although the ICD-10-PCS' Index entry "Laminectomy," instructs to see Excision, the objective of a decompressive laminectomy is to release pressure and free up the spinal nerve root. Therefore the appropriate root operation is "Release."





Repair of left common femoral artery and superficial femoral artery

04QL0ZZ Repair Left Femoral Artery, Open Approach

Note: There is no sub-entry for either common or superficial

```
Repair
Artery
Femoral
Left 04QL
Right 04QK
```







Ligation of left superficial femoral vein

06LN0ZZ Occlusion of Left Femoral Vein, Open Approach

Ligation see Occlusion **Occlusion** Vein Femoral Left 06LN



Right 06LM





Exploratory laparotomy

OWJG0ZZ Inspection of Peritoneal Cavity, Open Approach

Exploration see Inspection

Laparotomy

Drainage see Drainage, Peritoneal Cavity 0W9G Exploratory see Inspection, Peritoneal Cavity 0WJG







(1) Closed reduction of mandible fracture with (2) placement of arch bars and (3) intermaxillary fixation

- ONSTXZZ Reposition Right Mandible, External Approach
- 2W31X9Z Immobilization of Face using Wire

Note: Query, need laterality, for this example chose Right

Reduction

Fracture see Reposition

Reposition

Mandible

Left 0NSV

Right **ONST**







(1) Closed reduction of mandible fracture with (2) placement of arch bars and (3) intermaxillary fixation

- 0NSTXZZ Reposition Right Mandible, External Approach
- 2W31X9Z Immobilization of Face using Wire

Note: Query, were the arch bars placed for fracture reduction? Changes the code.

Fitting

Arch bars, for fracture reduction *see* Reposition, Mouth and Throat 0CS

Arch bars, for immobilization *see* Immobilization, Face **2W31**







(1) Closed reduction of mandible fracture with (2) placement of arch bars and (3) intermaxillary fixation

Note: Query how was the intermaxillary fixation was performed? In this case we will assume External Fixation without reduction, percutaneous.

• ONHR35Z Insertion external fixation device right maxilla, Percutaneous

Approach

Fixation, bone

External, with fracture reduction see Reposition

External, without fracture reduction

see Insertion

Internal, with fracture reduction see

Reposition

Internal, without fracture reduction

see Insertion

Insertion of device in

Maxilla

Left 0NHS

Right **ONHR**





Left shoulder hemiarthroplasty (Glenoid) surface

 ORRK0J7 Replacement of Left Shoulder Joint with Synthetic Substitute, Glenoid Surface, Open Approach

Note: Need specific site location (glenoid or humeral) of the shoulder to complete code for left shoulder hemiarthroplasty

Arthroplasty

see Repair, Upper Joints 0RQ

see Replacement, Upper Joints ORR

see Supplement, Upper Joints 0RU





Left shoulder hemiarthroplasty (Humeral) surface

 ORRK0J6 Replacement of Left Shoulder Joint with Synthetic Substitute, Humeral Surface, Open Approach

Note: Need specific site location (glenoid or humeral) of the shoulder to complete code for left shoulder hemiarthroplasty

Arthroplasty

see Repair, Upper Joints 0RQ

see Replacement, Upper Joints ORR

see Supplement, Upper Joints 0RU





Suture left knee laceration

OHQLXZZ Repair Left Lower Leg Skin, External Approach

Note: Need documentation of depth of repair; for this example we selected Skin.

Suture

Laceration repair see Repair

Repair

Skin

Lower Leg
Left **0HQLXZZ**





Repair digital nerve small finger Right hand

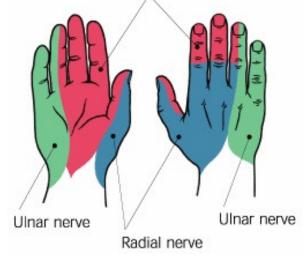
01Q40ZZ Repair Ulnar Nerve, Open Approach

Note: There are three nerve that serve the fingers, radial, medial and

ulnar. The ulnar nerve provides feeling to the little finger

Repair

Nerve Ulnar 01Q4



Median nerve





Tracheostomy (Open) approach

OB110F4 Bypass Trachea to Cutaneous with Tracheostomy Device,
 Open Approach

Tracheostomy see Bypass, Respiratory System 0B1

Bypass

Trachea 0B11





- (1) Exploration of gunshot wound of below-knee popliteal artery as well as (2) 4 compartment fasciotomy with (3) wound VAC placement.
- 04JY0ZZ Inspection, Lower artery, Open approach

Note: Query, what was explored? Which leg? We are selecting left popliteal artery.

Exploration see Inspection

Inspection

Artery

Lower 04JY







- (1) Exploration of gunshot wound of below-knee popliteal artery as well as (2) 4 compartment fasciotomy with (3) wound VAC placement.
- OJ8P0ZZ Division, Subcutaneous Tissue and Fascia, left lower leg,
 Open

Note: Query, what was explored? Which leg? We are selecting left.

Fasciotomy

see Division, Subcutaneous Tissue and Fascia 0J8 see Drainage, Subcutaneous Tissue and Fascia 0J9

Division

Subcutaneous Tissue and Fascia Lower Leg

Left 0J8P







- (1) Exploration of gunshot wound of below-knee popliteal artery as well as (2) 4 compartment fasciotomy with (3) wound VAC placement.
- No code

Note: Query, what was explored? Which leg?

Do not assign a separate code for the VAC, because it was part of the operative closure.





Repair right diaphragmatic laceration 40-50 cm in length

OBQR0ZZ Repair Right Diaphragm, Open Approach

Note: Verify the Approach

Repair

Diaphragm Right **OBQR**





Packing of liver laceration

The root operations in the Placement section include only those procedures performed without making an incision or a puncture. This includes Root Operation "Packing."

Note: To control a small amount of bleeding from the liver could be integral to a primary procedure and should not be coded separately.





Splenectomy total (Open) approach

07TP0ZZ Resection of Spleen, Open Approach

Note: Knowing the definitions of Root Operations is important.

Resection — Definition: Cutting out or off, without replacement, <u>all</u> of a body part

Resection

Spleen 07TP





Internal fixation with SI (Sacroiliac) screw placement in pelvis

 OQH334Z Insertion of Internal Fixation Device into Left Pelvic Bone, Percutaneous Approach

Note: Need to verify if a reduction was done. Need to verify approach, Percutaneous vs, Percutaneous endoscopic

Fixation, bone

Internal, without fracture reduction see Insertion

Insertion of device in

Bone

Pelvic

Left 0QH3







(1) Angiography and (2) embolization of right internal iliac artery

- B41CZZZ Fluoroscopy of Pelvic Arteries
- 04LC3DZ Occlusion of Right Common Iliac Artery with Intraluminal Device, Percutaneous Approach

Fluoroscopy

Artery
Pelvic **B41C**

Was contrast used? This will affect the 5th character selection.





(1) Angiography and (2) embolization of right internal iliac artery

- B41BZZZ Fluoroscopy of Other Intra-Abdominal Arteries
- 04LE3DZ Occlusion of Internal Iliac Artery, Right, with Intraluminal Device, Percutaneous Approach

```
Embolization (continued)
see Occlusion
see Restriction
Occlusion
Artery
Internal Iliac
Left 04LF
Right 04LE
```

Was the artery fully closed (Occlusion) or partially closed (Restriction)?
Was the Approach Percutaneous of Percutaneous Endoscopic?



Questions???







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